

An Action plan of “Capacity Development of people with disability” in chitwan District

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Background

Area, Population, Educational status and Socio economic condition of Chitwan

Chitwan is a one district, among the seventyfive district of Republic of Nepal. Chitwan, It has covered 2238.39 square kilometer area of land the total area of Nepal. Total population of the district is 472048 (2.03% of total population of Nepal), in which, male are 235084 (49.80%) and femal are 236964 (50.20%) . The total number of household in Chitwan is 92863. The growth rate of population in chitwan is quite high (3%) then national average. Dependent population is manageable so far, but the number is increased gradually. According to the district development committee record 9437 (2%) people are disable in chitwan . Although, disintegrated data have not available till the date.

The literacy rate is 71.1% in chitwan. Poeole with disabilities are deprived to get the appropriate education and knowledge. There are no special school for people with disable except few quota in general school. The agriculture is the backbone of economic development activity of Nepal. More then 80 % people are involved in agriculture profession (sector) and rest are involved in industry, business, public and private company, cottage and small industry, 3.8 population are still unemployment . Poverty is the main challenge of the economic development of Nepal. 30% people are still alive on line of below poverty.

Institutional strength

More then 30 government office, as autonomous organization 36 village development committee, 2 municipality and one District Development Committee are existing In chitwan . Decentralization has been accepted as a main means of enhancing good governance, a process of admininstative, political, social, economic and development works and a strategy for promoting peoples participation and people empowerment in Nepal . More then 400 local NGO's are registered and working in different field of the chitwan district. Four NOGs are conducting by disable people . The role of NGO's as a development partner is positive so far.

Resource mobilization

The government office have got subsidy from central government. DDC, Municipal and VDC have also getting a few subsidy from central Government. however they itself collect resources to implementation the programme and policy. In average, More then 7500 million budget have utilization annually in the district .

Why the programme for people with disability?

According to the district development committee updated record 9437 (2%) people are disable in chitwan . The data have shows only the number of disable people. Type of disability and severness is unknown so far . District development committee has been carry out different work including social development activity. However, almost developmental work and resource is utilize to infrastcture development. But, without social development never achieve the goal of overall development . social development is the most important part of development activity . Therefore, the District Development Committee Chitwan had initiate Capacity development programme of people with disabilities as a special programme since Fy 2065/066 (june 2008). Main objective of the programme is, to upliftment the social and economic condition of disable people, to increase the access in education, helath, employment, decision making level and make them capeable citizen .

Period and implementation model of the programme

At first, this programme have prepare for 3 years (Fy 2065/066 to 067/068) 2008 July to end of 2010 June . This year, programme will start from September 2008 and end at 2009 August. This programme will implement with the partnership of 4 Local NGO which has lead by disable people. Before i leave in nepal DDC have discuss with NGOs to make the programme implementation strategy . Right now the NGO are ready to implementation the programme according to my office chief . The programme would be extended in the future if the programme achieve the expected outcome and result .

Targate area and population

36 Village development committee and 2 municipality have been covered by the programme activity. Targate population of the programme those who are living in disable condition and those who are poor with disability.

problem

National Coordination Committee on Services to persons with disability is limited only the center. The activity of the NCC is not that effective so far. There is no independent authority for advocacy of protection and ensure rights and privileges of persons with disability. Well-defined policy on employment of persons with disability and the programs designed to ensure physical access are not in place. Due to the lack of coordination limited resources are Misuse and duplication . special school for people with disable is not yet established in the district. The quota and scholarship for Pwds is very limited . Programs directed to rehabilitation and empowerment of persons with disability through treatment, public awareness, income-generation, leadership training, is not yet prepared, and there is no sufficient supply of accessories of persons with disability.

Challenges

Ensuring fundamental rights and protection of persons with disability and to find out the intellectual disabilities is most important challenges.

Opportunities

All political parties, civil society including general public are agreed in their concept that inclusion should be the guiding principle of District Development policies, programs and institutions. Existing Institution and human resource could be mobilize to carry out the policy . Besides this NGOs are active in the field.

Long Term goal

The long term vision is to protect and promote the fundamental rights of all kinds of disabled people, and to help them develop their inherent ability so that they all become able citizens.

Short term goal (Objective)

-To create persons with disability-friendly environment and socially and economically make capable them .

-to increase the access persons with disability in education, employment including decision making level.

Strategy

- Build institutional, physical and economic infrastructure.
- Increase subsidy and quota for special education and conduct teacher training.
- Reservation in local government service and private company for PWD/PWID.
- conduct the capacity development programme.

- Encourage the private sector to establish the rehabilitation center.
- Emphasis the community and NGO mobilization.
- Promote coordination and collaboration among government, non government and development partners.

Activity

- Prepared the database of persons with disability .
- Training for special education teacher for 10 teacher .
- Provided learning materials for 100 PWD student.
- Improving the physical infrastcture and make disable friendly in 5 school.
- Leadership development and awarness training for thirty PWD persons.
- Employment oriented vocetational training for 50 PWD persons.
- Establish one rehibelation center on partnership approach with community and private sector.

Expected Outcomes

- To become improve the data base and documentation system.
- More disable student would be benefited from special education and the quality of teaching become improved.
- Participation of the decision making level of persons with disability would be increased.
- Persons with disability people would have been get more opportunity in service Increased to their knowledge, skill, qualification and ability .
- Persons with disability people would have been get facility to established rehibelation center.

Assumptions and Risks

- There will be sufficient private and non-government sector investment in services and facilities required for the persons with disability.
- Priority will be given to social security programs.

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- **to incorage the private and non gov. ogranization to investment the social sector .**

Estimated Budget Allocation

Rs. 2 million (US \$ 29000) is allocation for the programs related to the empowerment, livelihood improve, enhancement of accessibility, education and physical aids for the persons with disability. Expenditure made by private sector and NGO are not include the estimated budget .

Responsible organization

District development committee will be fully responsible for the implementation of the programme . however, the government and non government organization also support accordingly to its own capacity.

Programme monitor and evaluation

District development committee will monitor the programme at 4 times in a year in every three month. Evaluation will be made soon after complete the programme and final evaluation will be made after 2 years . In final evaluation, evaluate the programmes effect and its impact with comprehensive participation of target and beneferies group like workshop, seminar, individual discuss, interview,questionnaire etc.

workplan

this workplan will be effective from 2008 september and run end of August 2009.

Amount in US\$

SN.	strategy	Activity	Schedule												Responsible org./person	Input	remarks	
			Sept 08	Oct 08	Nov 08	Dec 08	Jan 09	Feb 09	Mar 09	Apr 09	May 09	Jun 09	July 09	Aug 09				
1	Build institutional, physical and economic infrastructure.	Prepared the database of persons with disability .														DDC/ programme officer	1800	
		Improving the physical infrastcture and make disable friendly in 5 school.														DDC/DEO/ Technical office	10000	
2	Increase subsidy and quota for special education and conduct teacher training.	Training for special education teacher for 10 teacher .														DDC/ DEO	750	
		Provided learning materials for 100 PWD/PWID student.														DDC/ DEO	750	
3	conduct the capacity development programme.	Leadership development and awarness training for 30 PWD /ID persons.														DDC/ NGO	2200	

